1 2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION			
3	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,			
4 5	Plaintiff, Case No. 11-20066, D-4 Case No. 11-20129 D-10			
	-v-			
6 7	VERNON RICH, et al.,			
8	Defendant/			
9	ARRAIGNMENT AND DETENTION HEARING			
LO L1 L2	BEFORE MAGISTRATE JUDGE LAURIE J. MICHELSON United States Magistrate Judge Theodore Levin United States Courthouse 231 West Lafayette Boulevard Detroit, Michigan Tuesday, July 31, 2012			
L3 L4	APPEARANCES:			
L5 L6 L7	FOR THE PLAINTIFF: SAIMA MOHSIN U.S. Attorney's Office 211 W. Fort Street Suite 2000 Detroit, MI 48226			
L8 L9	FOR THE DEFENDANT: JUAN A. MATEO, JR. 535 Griswold Suite 1030 Detroit, MI 48226			
20				
21				
22				
23	Transcribed by: Christin E. Russell			
24	CSR, RPR, FCRR, CRR (248) 420-2720			
25				

1	I N D E X	
2		_
3	Arraignment and Detention Hearing	Page
4	Arraignment	3
5	Detention Hearing Proffer by Ms. Mohsin	6
6	Proffer by Mr. Mateo Argument by Ms. Mohsin	15 21
7	Argument by Mr. Mate Ruling of The Court	23 24
8		
9	EXHIBITS	
10	(NONE OFFERED)	
11		
12		
13		
14	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER	29
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
		l

```
1
    Detroit, Michigan
 2
     July 31, 2012
     1:35 p.m.
 3
 4
           (The Transcriber was not present for this Hearing.)
 5
 6
              THE CLERK:
                          The Court recalls case 11-20066, USA vs.
 7
    Vernon Rich. Oh, there's the another one.
                                                 11-20129.
             MS. MOHSIN: Yes. Good afternoon, your Honor.
 8
 9
    Mohsin on behalf of the United States. This is the date and
10
    time that has been set for the defendant's completion of
11
    arraignment on two different indictments, as well as a
12
    detention hearing. I'm tendering to the Court copies of
13
    completed acknowledgements on both of those cases.
14
              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
15
             MR. MATEO: Good afternoon, your Honor. Juan Mateo on
    behalf of Vernon Rich, who stands to my left.
16
17
             THE COURT: Good afternoon, counsel.
18
             Good afternoon, Mr. Rich. Mr. Rich, as Ms. Mohsin
19
     indicated, you're here this afternoon, first to complete the
20
    arraignment on the two indictments that have been brought
21
    against you, as well as several others, as well as a detention
22
    hearing. I've received from counsel a copy of your
23
    acknowledgments of both indictments.
24
             And, Mr. Mateo, what would you like to do about
     reading the indictments?
```

```
1
             MR. MATEO: Your Honor, we would waive reading of both
 2
     indictments, stand mute to both indictments.
 3
             THE COURT: Okay. And, Counsel, you're okay if we do
    these both together?
 4
 5
              MR. MATEO: Certainly.
 6
              THE COURT:
                          Okay. Mr. Rich, as I said, I've received
 7
    your acknowledgment of the indictments. I just want to make
 8
    sure that you've received both indictments and that you've had
     an opportunity to review them and to discuss the charges that
 9
10
    have been brought against you with your counsel.
11
             Have you had that opportunity?
12
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
13
             THE COURT: Okay. And your acknowledgment of the
     indictment in 11-20066 indicates that if you're convicted or if
14
15
     you were to plead quilty to Count 6, you could be sentenced as
     follows: A minimum of 5 years to 40 years in prison, a 5
16
    million dollar fine or both.
17
18
             Mr. Rich, as to case 11-20066, do you understand the
19
    charge that's been brought against you on Count 6, as well as
     the penalties that you could face if you're convicted or if you
20
21
    were to plead guilty to that count?
22
             THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
23
              THE COURT: Okay. And in case 11-20129, the
24
    acknowledgment of the indictment indicates that if you're
     convicted or if you were to plead guilty, you could be
```

```
sentenced as follows:
 2
              On Count 1, to life in prison, a $250,000 fine or
 3
    both.
 4
              On Count 2, up to 5 years in prison, a $250,000 fine
 5
    or both.
 6
              On Count 3, 10 years to life in prison, a 10 million
 7
    dollar fine or both.
              On Counts 4, 5, 6, 15, and 16, up to 20 years in
 8
    prison, a one million dollar fine or both.
 9
10
              And on Counts 19 and 22, up to 10 years in prison, a
11
    $250,000 fine or both.
12
              So I want to ask you as well, Mr. Rich, with respect
13
    to case 11-20129, do you understand the charges that have been
    brought against you, as well as the penalties that you could
14
15
    face if you're convicted or if you were to plead quilty to
    those counts in the indictment?
16
17
              THE DEFENDANT: Yes, ma'am.
18
                          Okay. And I understand from your counsel
              THE COURT:
19
    that you stand mute. So the Court is going to enter a plea of
20
    not guilty on your behalf to Count 6 of the indictment in case
    11-20066, and on Counts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 15, 16, 19 and 22, on
21
22
    case 11-20129.
23
              Counsel, I know this is also the time that was
24
    scheduled for the detention hearing. Are the parties prepared
     to proceed?
```

```
MS. MOHSIN: The Government is ready, your Honor.
 1
 2
              THE COURT: Mr. Mateo?
 3
              MR. MATEO: Ready, your Honor.
                          Okay. Ms. Mohsin?
 4
              THE COURT:
 5
              MS. MOHSIN: Your Honor, the Government is seeking
 6
     detention of this defendant, and we have filed previously a
 7
     written proffer in furtherance of our motion for detention.
                                                                   Ιt
 8
    was provided to the Court. I don't know if your Honor has --
 9
              THE COURT:
                          Yes.
10
              MS. MOHSIN: -- had an opportunity to review it.
11
              THE COURT: Yes, I have. And I have reviewed Mr.
12
    Mateo's brief as well.
13
              MS. MOHSIN: Your Honor, then I will direct my
14
    comments both to that written proffer, as well as to the
15
    Pretrial Services' report.
16
              When we initially appeared before the Court and the
     issue of detention first arose, Pretrial Services was
17
18
     recommending this defendant's release. However, the Government
19
    brought to the attention of the Pretrial Services' officer that
20
    the information contained in the Pretrial Services' report
21
     related to the defendant's criminal history was incomplete.
22
              It's my understanding, having spoken with Pretrial
23
    Services, that they have updated their recommendation.
24
    looked at their report. They've included other convictions
     that had not previously been included in the Pretrial Services'
25
```

report. And, therefore, their recommendation for other reasons that are also set forth in their memorandum, they are now recommending detention.

So first and foremost, your Honor, I would proffer to the Court that the defendant has been interviewed by Pretrial Services, and their assessment is that he ought to be detained pending the outcome of this case. And I would proffer that report in furtherance of that.

This is a presumption case. And therefore, the Government would ask the Court to take note of that as well. The defendant stands before this Court, having been charged in a very large number of counts, in two separate indictments pending in this district.

The conduct that is alleged for both of those indictments spans a large number of years, and it relates largely to his involvement with a motorcycle gang called the Devils Diciples.

As the Court has indicated that it has reviewed the Government's proffer, I will not go into detail about that organization other than to say that entering into that organization, once you have been admitted, it is difficult to leave that organization. And typically, individuals who seek to leave either leave in bad standing, which means that they are kicked out of the club, or in some sort of semi-retirement.

So I put that out there because once an individual is

```
part of this organization, they are a part of this organization. And if they want to get out of it, they have to surrender their motorcycle, their colors and any property that they have that bears the name or emblem or symbol of the club.
```

THE COURT: Do you refute or dispute the defendant's claim that he withdrew in 2007?

MS. MOHSIN: I neither repute or dispute it. I would tell the Court that I don't have any knowledge that he did that. I don't believe the investigation has shown that or not shown that. What I say to the Court is it is difficult to leave this organization, and you are considered a part of this organization. That's what the investigation has shown.

I can proffer to the Court that, you know, this defendant has been at at least one DD related event in the last 12 months. I am neither suggesting nor implying that he is a member right now, but he was a very long-standing member of this organization. And many of the criminal activities that he has been engaged in over the course of the last ten plus years have been in furtherance of this organization and the goals of this organization.

Count 1 of indictment 11 --

THE COURT: But if we assume, or if I assume for purposes of this hearing that he did withdraw in 2007, we'd be talking about conduct from pre-five years ago?

MS. MOHSIN: Well, your Honor, I think what -- whether

he withdrew or not, I don't believe we have any information that he withdrew. In other words, he has made that statement in his, in his motion, but what I am saying to the Court is you cannot withdraw. You either retire, in which case you're still a member, or you get kicked out.

THE COURT: Okay. Please continue.

MS. MOHSIN: Thank you, your Honor.

This individual has been involved with this organization for over ten years. He had a leadership role within this organization. The evidence against him, as it relates to the counts set forth in the indictment is overwhelming.

We have a number of various search warrants, wiretap evidence, informant and cooperating witness information. We have seizures of evidence. We have a tremendous amount of evidence against this defendant. He is facing a ten-year mandatory minimum on one of the counts, and up to life imprisonment on another.

A rough calculation of his guideline range as set forth, based solely upon the methamphetamine distribution quantities, and not on the other conduct in this case, yields a level 38, which is 262 to 327 months' incarceration.

He stands before the Court with a fairly lengthy criminal history. Although many of the prior convictions are misdemeanors, I would note for the Court that he has been

engaged in criminal activity fairly consistently and regularly since the early 1980's. He has gone from arrest and conviction to arrest and conviction.

In 1990, he was convicted in Kansas of a felony. He was placed on probation. He violated the terms of his probation in a number of different ways, and as a result, they terminated his probation and he was incarcerated for the term of one to three years.

He has had other convictions. Most recently in 2008, he was convicted of a methamphetamine possession related offense. I draw your attention to that conviction, as we have set forth in our proffer for detention. Some of the circumstances surrounding that particular conviction include this defendant's attempts to mislead the court.

He had someone prepare a false document claiming that the nearly \$2,000 in cash that he had on his possession at the time of his methamphetamine related arrest, that that money was in fact lawfully earned when, in fact, it was not. And that was in an attempt to prevent that money from being forfeited. That was a document that was submitted to the, to the police department or the court that was involved in that arrest. So that is one example. There are --

THE COURT: He got bond in that case, though, right?

MS. MOHSIN: Well, Judge, he may have gotten bond, but
he attempted to defraud the court in that case when he

presented a false affidavit. He had someone present a false affidavit claiming that that money was lawfully earned.

What I'm saying and suggesting to the Court is that this is a defendant who will do -- you know, he will engage in misleading and fraudulent conduct in an effort to gain an advantage, even with the court. And in that case, that's what occurred. And the individual that prepared that false document was someone that worked -- that he worked with at his place of employment.

THE COURT: And I don't want to minimize that; I think that's significant. But are you saying that you think that makes him a flight risk, or a danger, or both?

MS. MOHSIN: I think under 3142, it is a reflection of his character. And I think that we are setting forth all of the factors we think are important about this individual's character:

The fact that he has this lengthy criminal history. The fact that he has, in addition to that incident involving the \$1,900, it's also set forth in that affidavit that he made attempts to destroy evidence while he was in jail by contacting members of the Devils Diciples, as well as family to go and find evidence in his home that may have been seized by law enforcement if a search warrant had been executed, and he told them to hide that evidence. So he has engaged -- we know about this through wiretap evidence. We were listening to his calls

while he was making calls saying please hide evidence that may be found, you know, conversations to that effect.

So this is an individual who, when he is confronted with some sort of law enforcement action, will take active steps to defraud the Court, to hide evidence or destroy evidence. And so as a result, I think that he is a risk of flight.

And certainly when someone is facing the magnitude of the charges in this case, and I would also say, Judge, the volume of evidence against this particular defendant in this case, the incentive to flee is substantial.

The Government has disclosed to this defendant that we were engaged in wiretapping of his telephone for a period of time. During the course of those wiretaps, substantial evidence was seized, corroborated through search warrants and witnesses, et cetera.

And so I think that he has a tremendous incentive to flee the jurisdiction in light of the fact that the evidence is so strong and does span such a large period of time, and the fact that he is looking at so much time, if convicted of these offenses. So I think it's relevant to his character. I think it's relevant to the analysis of whether he poses a danger of fleeing.

This is a defendant who, as I indicated, was in a position of leadership. The leadership of this organization is

```
of particular interest here because as the RICO indictment sets
 2
     forth, it is the leadership that is involved in ordering,
 3
     executing and making sure that orders are executed by, by the
 4
    members of the organization, whether they are to engage in
 5
     illegal gambling activity or illegal assaults or illegal
 6
    methamphetamine manufacturing or trafficking across the board.
 7
    This was an organization that was engaged in a wide variety of
    criminal activities over a very long period of time. And the
 8
     leaders of that organization were required to make sure that
 9
     the orders of the national leadership as well as the local
10
11
     leadership were followed through.
12
              Vernon Rich, as a long-standing member and a president
13
     of the Port Huron chapter of the Devils Diciples was involved
14
     in that activity.
15
              One moment, please, your Honor?
              THE COURT:
16
                          Sure.
17
              (Brief pause.)
18
              MS. MOHSIN: Finally, your Honor, I would like to
19
     address this defendant's employment. According to the
20
    defendant's motion, as well as the Pretrial Services' report,
21
    he was or is employed by ABZ Steel in Shelby Township and has
22
    been for over 13 years.
23
              A lot of the Government's evidence about the drug
24
    trafficking that went on in this case, not limited to
25
     methamphetamine, but including other prescription drugs, shows
```

that this defendant was selling to members, or rather employees at that location, and that, in fact, very large amount of customers at that particular location. The individual that I referenced earlier that provided that false letter that he had earned the money through employment also was employed by the same company.

So I would provide that information to the Court to say that I understand that he has claimed that he has been involved in employment there for 13 years. However, there are a very large number of people at that particular organization that were involved in both the receipt and distribution of drug trafficking for this defendant over the period of time that's alleged in the indictment.

We believe, your Honor, that this defendant is a risk of flight. We believe that he is also a danger to committing additional criminal activities. His criminal history starts in the 1980's and it goes all the way up to the 2008 conviction. That's a very long period of time.

The indictment talks about a wide range of activities that were included during much of that time. And we believe that Mr. Rich and his criminal activities, that there is a risk that he will continue to engage in these criminal activities because of the fact that he has such a long history of continuous criminal conduct.

For those reasons, we believe that he is a danger to

```
the community. We believe that he is a risk of flight.
 2
     a presumption case. We would ask that the defendant be
 3
    detained.
 4
              THE COURT: Was he on probation or any sort of
 5
                          The indictment, I guess, spans such a long
     supervised release?
 6
    period of time that he probably was, for some of the offenses?
 7
             MS. MOHSIN: Well, during the time the indictment --
 8
    of the indicted conduct; is that what you're asking?
 9
                          Yeah. Was he on any sort of supervised
             THE COURT:
10
     release?
11
             MS. MOHSIN: In 2005, he pled guilty to the felony
12
    motor vehicles possession/delivery of vehicle ID. And he was
13
    sentenced in November of 2005 to two years' probation, and
14
    probation was terminated in 2006.
15
             His membership and participation in the club's
     activities, including the gambling and drug trafficking
16
    activity that I can think of, off the top of my head, would
17
18
    have been going on during that period of time.
19
             THE COURT: Okay.
                                 Thank you.
20
             Mr. Mateo, do you agree this is a presumption case?
21
             MR. MATEO: I agree it's a presumption case, and
22
     that's why I've done the -- taken an extraordinary step of
23
     filing a written proffer to assist the Court in rebutting --
24
    reviewing the evidence that rebuts the presumption.
             And what we have here today, your Honor, is a young
25
```

```
man who is 47 years old, who is gainfully employed and has been
 2
     living in the area for many, many years, almost his entire
 3
     life. And we have a case where we have documented evidence of
 4
    how he does while he is under supervision of the court.
 5
    what the Government --
 6
              THE COURT: How about Kansas, though?
 7
              MR. MATEO: Well, Kansas was 1990.
              THE COURT: Tell me about Kansas.
 8
 9
              MR. MATEO: And I'll explain it.
10
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
11
              MR. MATEO: Before, as I was writing the proffer, your
12
    Honor, I was working under the apprehension, or the
13
    understanding that Pretrial Services, for the third time since
14
     2008, was recommending that Mr. Rich receive an unsecured bond,
15
     including Mr. Homer Hinojosa, who did the Pretrial Services'
16
    report in this case.
17
              When we were last here, the Government indicated that
18
     they were aware of this Kansas case, and they were going to
19
    present that information to Pretrial Services. I talked to Mr.
20
    Hinojosa after he got that information last week. And last
21
    week, he told me that was not going to change his
22
    recommendation of unsecured bond.
23
              I then filed this extensive memorandum, detailing Mr.
24
    Rich's past with this court and other courts where he has been
```

under supervision. And today, I was able to discuss and get

25

more information about the Kansas case.

What happened in Kansas, that was in 1990, he was placed on probation for a bad check case. Probation was transferred to the Port Huron area so that he could reside with his sister. He had nowhere to live. His sister, her name is Patricia, she took him — was taking care of him. Then she got evicted. When she got evicted from the home, Mr. Rich had nowhere else to go. Kansas did ask him to come back and he did not come back. So technically, he did not return and he was supposed to return. But he had no place to go, your Honor. Once he eventually got back to Kansas, he did serve his time. He was on parole. I attached as one of my exhibits the parole discharge papers discharging him from parole. And we're going back to the '90s now.

Now, in this court, as of 2008, Mr. Rich has been interviewed by Pretrial Services on three separate occasions. And each time, whether it's Mr. Dwyer from Pretrial Services, or Mr. Hinojosa, prior to this memo he filed yesterday, they always recommended an unsecured bond, and that's because he has a track record. He had a conviction in 2007 where he was on probation for two years in the St. Clair, yeah, St. Clair County Circuit Court. He completed his term of probation. Other cases where he had been supervised by the court, it's all documented, Judge, if he's told to come to court, he comes to court. If he's told to pay his fines and costs, he does that.

And for the Government to stand here and suggest that he is this horrible risk of flight and this danger to the community, I think, is disingenuous.

What has the Government done with Mr. Rich specifically? They have been talking to him since this investigation has been ongoing. They served him with a grand jury subpoena for his fingerprints. He cooperated with the FBI in coming downtown and being printed, even though he had counsel, didn't tell his lawyer, he just cooperated with them. And then in 2007, that fine prosecutor, Mr. John O'Brien, called him as a witness. And he testified against a club member in a felon in possession case in front of Judge Zatkoff.

Now, to suggest that he's a danger, he's this incredible person, I think just is the Government talking out of both sides of its mouth. The real question is can you make an individualized determination that he is eligible for bond, and I think he is.

though, do you say okay, you're right, and there have been interviews and you've received bond and you have complied, but at some point, you do become a danger, because then the pattern becomes too much. So 2005, and then 2007, and then 2009, and now we have an indictment that suggests there may have been conduct throughout this entire period that maybe nobody knew about.

MR. MATEO: But what is the evidence of danger? They have the burden of having to show by clear and convincing evidence he's danger to the community. They write a proffer where they list one, one act of violence after another, killings, assaults and all that. In my proffer, I say he had nothing to do with that. They don't rebut that. They are not suggesting he was involved in any of those acts of violence.

He's charged with a felon in possession case in this court, I think it's 2008. And that case was ultimately dismissed on motion of the Government.

There is no evidence at all that he's ever threatened or hurt or done anything that's dangerous to the community. If anything, my, my proffer shows he's working with this

Pentecostal church. He's out there delivering food. He's home with his wife and his stepdaughter, who has a three-year-old. He's taking care of them. He's taking care of his elderly parents who are chronically ill. I have letters here, Judge, from, from kids in the family who are saying he's a great guy; he's not a danger. He's been a benefit to the community. He's been a benefit to the, to the family.

For the Government to suggest he's a danger, well, then they have the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence, not argument, that he's a danger. And they are referring to wiretaps and all sorts of things, but they haven't produced anything. They have not produced one shred of

```
evidence that proves he is a danger to the community. And
 2
     that's --
 3
              THE COURT: In the indictment, does it indicate the
 4
    wiretaps and the conduct that I assume Ms. Mohsin is referring
 5
     to here today?
 6
             MR. MATEO: And that's what creates the presumption.
 7
    And what I'm saying, your Honor, is we could rebut that
 8
    presumption. And with the proffer that we have filed with this
    court, we have rebutted that presumption. There are
 9
    combinations, or conditions or combination of conditions that
10
11
    will take care of whatever issues may, may -- the Court may be
12
    concerned about with regard to danger to the community.
13
             His wife is in the courtroom, Wanda Rich. She will
14
```

sign a third party custody agreement. He can get back to work and get back to take care of his family and his parents.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

You can tether him if you wish, but there are conditions that, that will address and mitigate your concerns about whatever the allegations are that the Government is making right now that he may be this "danger."

I just think it's not -- it's disingenuous. They are using him as a witness when they want to. They were able to convict that, that fellow motorcycle club, Mr. Victor Castano, in part based on his testimony. And now to suggest that he can't be trusted, that he can't -- he's a danger, he's a flight risk, it's disingenuous.

THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Mohsin, do you want to have argument?

MS. MOHSIN: I object to the characterization that the Government's request for detention of a defendant who has been indicted for RICO, being a leader in an organization that is involved in the types of activities that are set forth in the indictment, that that is somehow disingenuous with an individual of this -- with this sort of track record.

I would just add for the Court that during the execution of search warrants at this individual's home, which occurred on more than one occasion, drugs, drug trafficking related evidence, firearms were repeatedly found at this defendant's home.

He has been engaged in ongoing activity, that's what the investigation has shown, for a number of years, during some periods of time, he was on probation for other offenses. The stakes have never been this high for Mr. Rich because most of the offenses that he has been involved with since 1982, actually, were not as serious as this one. So I would just state for the record that we object to any characterization that this is a disingenuous request.

The Government has 41 defendants in this case. We have carefully selected defendants that we have sought detention for based upon the factors and their conduct as alleged in the indictments. And so for those reasons, we would

```
2 THE COURT: Tell me again your understanding of what
```

3 the additional information is that was provided to Pretrial 4 Services that --

5 MS. MOHSIN: Judge, we --

ask that the defendant be detained.

THE COURT: -- may have played a factor in altering or changing the recommendation.

MS. MOHSIN: Your Honor, I would have to have both reports in front of me. But when we initially looked at the Pretrial Services' report, and I think that the report that I originally looked at about two weeks ago or so for Mr. Rich was similar to the one that Mr. Dwyer had prepared in an earlier case. That report was deficient in that it did not contain two felony convictions that this defendant was convicted of, including the one from Kansas in which my understanding is that he was engaged in violations, repeated violations of probation that led to that being revoked. But I have provided those documents to Pretrial Services, and I don't have those in my possession. I turned them over to Pretrial Services.

So there was the Kansas conviction. There was a later conviction. I would have to compare the two. But there were more -- there were at least two felony convictions that were not included. And as I look at this right now, I see additional charges and convictions that I, I don't recall seeing. So if we were to look at the two in comparison to one

```
another, it would be obvious what had not previously been
 2
     reported.
 3
             MR. MATEO: Your Honor, let's be accurate. There's a
 4
    memorandum attached to Pretrial Services' report, it's dated
 5
    today's date, July 31st. And the only case that is referred to
 6
    Mr. Hinojosa in that memorandum is the reference to the Kansas
 7
    case, the 1990 Kansas case. And if that's what's changed, what
 8
     I'm saying, your Honor, is that is not clear and convincing
 9
    evidence that he is danger to the community, that he at one
    point in time in the '90s didn't return to Kansas for violating
10
11
    his probation. That's, that's -- you know, he has a track
12
     record since then that shows he has taken care of business when
13
     it comes to complying with the court's orders.
14
              THE COURT: Okay. Anything else you'd like to say in
15
    terms of argument?
16
             MR. MATEO: No, your Honor.
             THE COURT: Ms. Mohsin?
17
18
             MS. MOHSIN: Nothing further from the Government, your
19
    Honor.
20
             THE COURT: Counsel, what I'd like to do, I apologize,
     I've not had the chance to review the Pretrial Service report.
21
22
     I have had the chance to review your briefs. I'd like to
23
    re-review them. I'd like to review the Pretrial Service
24
    report, as well as some of the specific provisions of the
25
     superseding indictment. So I'd like to finish the remainder of
```

```
the docket and review those matters. And then we'll reconvene
 2
     and I'll issue my ruling, why don't we say 3:30.
 3
             MS. MOHSIN: Thank you, your Honor.
             THE COURT: Okay? Thank you.
 4
 5
             MR. MATEO:
                          Thank you, Judge. Appreciate it.
             THE DEFENDANT:
                              Thank you, ma'am.
 6
 7
              (Recess taken at 2:03 p.m. until 3:35 p.m.)
              THE CLERK: The Court recalls cases 11-20129 and
 8
     11-20066. USA vs. Vernon Rich.
 9
10
             MS. MOHSIN: Saima Mohsin appearing on behalf of the
11
    United States, your Honor. Good afternoon.
12
             MR. MATEO: Good afternoon, your Honor. Juan Mateo,
13
    appearing on behalf of Mr. Vernon Rich, who stands to my left.
14
              THE COURT: Good afternoon again, counsel, and Mr.
    Rich. I appreciate the parties' patience, and Mr. Rich, yours
15
    as well.
16
             It's a lot of information to review and go over.
17
18
    did want to have that opportunity, as I said, to review the
19
    parties' submissions, to review the Pretrial Services' report,
20
    as well as some of the information contained in the indictment.
21
    You both made compelling arguments.
22
              These are often, Mr. Rich, very difficult cases.
23
              The parties acknowledge that this is a presumption
24
    case. I do note as well, though, the defendant has come
     forward with some evidence to rebut the presumption. There's
```

been a representation that, that Mr. Rich has known about the investigation underlying the allegations since 2009 and there's been no attempt to flee, and there's been some history of complying with bond conditions in this district.

There are a number of factors that the Court has to consider in determining whether to detain or release the defendant pending trial. And those factors are, first, the nature and circumstances of the offense charged, including whether the offense is a crime of violence or involves a narcotic drug.

The defendant is charged here in two separate indictments, and both do involve narcotic drugs. One case alleges that the defendant was a high-ranking member of the Devils Diciples Motorcycle Gang, and that he actively participated in and supervised the group's criminal activity for a long period of time, including the distribution of large amounts of methamphetamine, hydrocodone and other controlled substances, and engaged in illegal gambling operations.

The Court has to consider as well the weight of the evidence against the defendant. Both cases involve indictments, so there's been probable cause findings by a grand jury.

The Government, in their submission, indicates that they have wiretap interceptions, cooperating witness statements, searches of Defendant's home that show that the

defendant was engaged in drug trafficking, including methamphetamine manufacturing and distribution, marijuana and hydrocodone distribution. They give some specific examples of that, that are identified in the third superseding indictment.

They also indicate that search warrants executed at Mr. Rich's home on different dates have led to seizure of drugs, drug trafficking materials, firearms and ammunition.

The Court also has to consider the history and characteristics of the defendant. The parties provide conflicting versions of Mr. Rich's character. The Government focuses on the criminal history, what they claim are the defendant's attempts to mislead the court and obstruct justice in some prior circumstances.

The defendant focuses on, or I'm sorry, the Government also focuses on, on Mr. Rich's role with a dangerous motorcycle gang while the defendant focuses more on Mr. Rich's family life.

He's been a lifelong member of this community. He has strong family ties, including a strong family support at this proceeding. He has strong community support. There's information regarding long term employment, although the Government counters that that employment involved some drug distribution with co-employees and customers.

The Pretrial Services' report also indicates there's been a prior history of substance abuse. The defendant has

pointed out that on two prior occasions, this Court has given defendant bond. But the flip side is the defendant does have a significant criminal history going back to the 1980's. And while the early convictions are, are mainly misdemeanors, the charges do appear to have escalated. There's a 1990 offense out of Kansas for which the defendant ultimately did abscond from supervision for a period of time.

There's a 2005 conviction for marijuana possession for which Mr. Rich received 30 days and two years' probation; a 2007 possession of methamphetamine conviction that resulted in two years' probation.

And what does concern the Court is that I do have to take the allegations in the indictment, because that's what's before me, is that it does appear that while -- that Mr. Rich was on probation during the time of the two indictments at issue, especially the 2005 conviction for which he received two years of probation. The one indictment indicates that the conduct goes through the present. The other indictment indicates drug distribution activity from 2003 to 2006, and that's another factor the Court has to consider is whether at the time of the current offense or arrest, the defendant was on probation, on parole, or other release pending trial.

It doesn't appear that he was at the time of the arrest, but it does appear that he was on supervised release at the time of the, of the offenses that have been charged.

The Court also has to consider the nature and seriousness of the danger to any person or the community that would be posed by the defendant's release.

There is a history, as I said, of drug trafficking activity, which does present a danger to the community. The Government proffered that it occurred with some of Defendant's co-employees at his place of employment.

The defendant does have a prior felony conviction and knows he can't possess a weapon. And yet, the Government proffered that search warrants have revealed -- did reveal a firearm and ammunition in his home resulting in a felon in possession charge.

So taking all of the factors into consideration, including the presumption which you still consider in terms of analyzing the factors, I do think the Government has met its, its burden by clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person.

So I am going to order that Mr. Rich be detained. And I will issue a written order to that effect. You do have a right to appeal that order. And this case has been assigned to Judge Cleland. And so he will schedule your next court appearance in this matter.

Thank you, counsel.

MS. MOHSIN: Thank you, your Honor.

```
1
              MR. MATEO:
                           Thank you.
 2
              THE DEFENDANT: Thank you, ma'am.
 3
              THE CLERK: Court is in recess.
              (Proceedings adjourned at 3:43 p.m.)
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
                          CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
 9
              I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript
10
11
     from audio recorded proceedings in the above-entitled cause on
12
     the date hereinbefore set forth.
13
14
15
                           s/ Christin E. Russell
16
                 CHRISTIN E. RUSSELL, CSR, RPR, FCRR, CRR
17
                      Federal Official Court Reporter
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```